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The 16th Depot arrived in Limerick yesterday, from the Curragh, under command of Major Audain, and the following officers:—Capt. Studdert, Bostock and Armstrong; Lieuts. Freeman, Rooke, and Moyle; Ensigns Street, Russell, Westby, Le Feuvre, Pinson, Neame; Adj. Lombard. The Depot was played from the railway terminus by the band of the Provisional Battalion to the Castle barracks, where they are now stationed.

Capt. Noble, Royal Artillery, is appointed Military Secretary to Sir George Grey, Governor of the Cape of Good Hope.

The medal for Baltic services will not be ready for distribution for nearly three months. No definite arrangement has been yet made as to clasps.

The following corps are held in readiness to embark from Aldershot camp for Dublin:—The 4th King's Own, 33d, Duke of Wellington's, 38th, 77th, 95th, and 98th Regiments.

Brevet Major Newdigate, 2d Battalion Rifle Brigade, is appointed brigade major to the brigade of rifles at Aldershot; and Brevet Major Ross, of the 3d Battalion, is appointed aide-de-camp to Colonel Lawrence, commanding the brigade in camp. Both these officers have served in the east, and were promoted for gallantry in the field.

Captain the Hon. B. R. Pellew, Rifle Brigade, is appointed aide-de-camp to Brigadier General Von Straubenzee, commanding one of the brigades in Dublin.

Captain Inglis, 11th Dragoon, Lieutenant Revant, 9th Foot, Lieut. Dodd, 77th, Lieut. Barr, 90th, Lieut. Reynolds, 94th, and Ensign Campbell, 92nd, have this week retired from the service.

The 2nd Dragoons are on route to Athlone.

The 8th Hussars will be stationed in Dublin.

The 13th Light Dragoons will move from Ballincollig to Dublin or the Curragh.

Two companies of the Royal Artillery arrived in Dublin from Liverpool yesterday, and to-day, one for Ballincollig, the other for Clonmel.

The 2nd Battalion of the Grenadier Guards, from Richmond Barracks, has changed quarters with the 18th in the Royal Barracks, Dublin.

Captain Colbe's company of the 13th Foot proceeds from Templemore to Roscrea.

The 37th Regiment will return from Ceylon in November, as its term of foreign service will have then expired.

Lord Seaton reviewed the Artillery and Cavalry of Dublin Garrison on the 15 Acres, on Friday.

Mr. Nicolas Rowe, an Army and Navy Contractor, at Southwark, has been committed for trial at the approaching sessions, charged with the abduction of a young girl, 14 years of age.

On Saturday last Serjeant Mayne, 54th Regiment, had a cash box, containing £40 and several other articles stolen from his room, George-square Barracks, Devonport. The box has since been recovered.

The 12th Lancers, at Canterbury, will embark for Madras on the 16th, 26th, and 31st August.

A new military office will be created by the appointment of an Inspector General of Infantry.

Though there is accommodation for 2000 men in Pembroke, the entire garrison at present consists of only 120, who have most onerous duties to discharge.

Lieut. King, of the Royal Artillery, has been appointed Garrison Adjutant vice Captain Carter.

In the scale of disembodied pay for the Militia Staff there is no increase of pay to the Serjeant-Majors beyond the 1s. 10d. per diem.

Colonel Pipon, the Assistant-General, is engaged in a complete revision of the Queen's Regulations and Orders of the Army. Officers will be glad to know that there is now a prospect of their being relieved of the perplexity into which the contradictory terms and operation of the regulations threw them.

The Earl of Lucan is a Knight Commander of the Bath in England, a Knight of St. Anne of Russia and a Knight of the Legion of Honour in France. Added to the foregoing, it is thought he soon will be decorated with a Turkish Order. The noble Earl's Russian Order of Knighthood was won in the cause of the late Czar, and for fighting against the Turks.

Colour Serjeant James Hewin, Royal Marines, has received the distinguished service medal, with a gratuity of £15.

Both the British and French Generals commanding their respective Armies in the Crimea, have again set their feet on their native soils, but neither have been received with the popular outbursts of enthusiasm, that have marked the arrival of the Troops lately under their command. The French Marshal, though landing in state, passed through the streets of Marseilles amid perfect silence; the people say that the hour chosen was that of the "siesta," but little do Frenchmen care for the mid-day sleep, when they desire to honour the man. The English General landed privately, with his Staff-Officers, but his coming was known; and had it been the will of Englishmen to give vent to them no power could have smothered their cheers.

The depot of the 3d Battalion of the Rifle Brigade, consisting of 340 rank and file, joined the garrison at Winchester on Wednesday last, from Portsmouth. The following officers are attached to this Depot:—

The Horse Guards have informed the Mayor of Clonmel, that that town cannot be selected as the centre of a military district.

The 56th on passage home from the Crimea will replace the 96th depot in Kilkenny. The Kilkenny Militia was disembodied on Monday.

The 96th depot was inspected on Thursday by Major General Eden at Kilkenny. Col. Irwin, Assistant Quartermaster General, has returned to Kilkenny from Nenagh.

Brevet Major Newdegate, 2d Battalion Rifle Brigade is appointed Brigade Major to the Brigade of Rifles at Aldershot; and Brevet Major Ross, of the 3rd Battalion, Aid-de-Camp to Colonel Lawrence, commanding the brigade.

The 50th regt. has arrived at Portsmouth.

FUNERAL OF SURGEON COWEN.—The mortal remains of this much lamented gentleman were interred with full military pomp and splendour on Monday last, and a long time has elapsed since a more imposing spectacle than the funeral cortege passed through the streets of Limerick. Major General Sir James Chatterton, attended by his staff, and all the principal military authorities, marched in the procession. At two o'clock, the funeral cortege left the residence of the deceased, opposite to the Model School on the Military Road. A firing party consisting of 100 men of the 17th Regiment formed the advanced guard. The bands of the County Limerick Militia and of the Provisional Battalion played alternately the funeral dirge. The coffin, covered with the union Jack, and bearing the sword and hat of the deceased, was borne upon a gun carriage of the Royal Artillery, drawn by six horses in sable trapping. Following the carriage came the chief mourners—Dr. Neil Quin, of Nenagh, uncle-in-law to the deceased; Rev. Mr. Hort, his brother-in-law, chaplain to the Dublin garrison, lately to the Crimean troops, and Major Hort. Then came a long line of the men of the Provisional Battalion, followed by their officers wearing srape on their arms, closed by the General and Staff attired in full uniform. The interment took place at the New Military Cemetery, King's Island, which had been only just consecrated.

ROYAL MILITARY CEMETERY, KINGS ISLAND.—The newly formed Military ground at the Kings Island was formally opened and solemnly consecrated on Monday last preparatory to the reception in the bosom of its cold earth all that was left of the warm hearted Dr. Cowen. The grounds are tastefully laid out in walks, and the arrangements as to planting are admirable. In extent the burial ground comprises 1a. 1r. and 2lp. In the centre of its western boundary a neat little wooden shed has been erected for the performance of the burial service. There the Lord Bishop attired in full pontificals awaited the arrival of the funeral of Dr. Cowen before proceeding with the ceremony. The following clergymen were also in attendance—The very Rev. Michael Keating, Dean of Kilkennora, Rev. John Elmes, Rev. Richard Moore, Rev. Pryce Peacock, Rev. Charles Hare, Rev. A. Maunsell, Rev. Mr. Hoare, Rev. Mr. Peacocke, jun. On the arrival of the cortege, Major-General Chatterton waited on the Lord Bishop, and the following military authorities accompanied the Major-General commandant:—Colonel Cuppage, R.A. Lieut. Col. Muller, Lieut.-Col. Maitland, Major MacIntosh, &c.

A long line of troops were drawn up on a line parallel to the position of the clergy, and the necessary preliminary arrangements having been gone through, the deed of dedication was read by the Bishop's Registrar, Mr. M'Mahon. The ground is to be set apart for the sole interment of soldiers, who die in this garrison, and is to be called the Royal Military Cemetery. The Bishop, followed by his clergy, then walked in procession around the entire of the burial ground, reciting the prayers proper for the ceremony of consecration. After the sentence of consecration was read it was handed to the General, by whom the document is to be retained. Immediately after the consecration the burial of Dr. Cowen took place in it.

DISEMBODIMENT OF THE COUNTY LIMERICK MILITIA.

The Royal County Limerick Regt. of Militia were finally disembodied on Monday. Since its formation this corps acquired a progress in discipline, which made it equal in effectiveness to any Militia corps in the Kingdom; and its appearance on public occasions was inferior to none of them. Colonel Dickson was a favourite amongst the officers and men. The utmost good fellowship prevailed among every rank in the Regt.—Between officers, Serjeants, and Privates, there was never any bickering: the utmost harmony always subsisting. Col. Dickson attended in the Orderly-room on Monday, at the settlement of the men's accounts, and took occasion to bear testimony to the successful exertions of the Drum-major, who formerly belonged to the 17th, in the training of the band. The following is the staff retained:—Adjutant Lowe, Quartermaster Powell, Serjeant-Major Hewett, Quartermaster Serjeant Thompson, Drum-major Richardson, Colour Serjeants Baxter, Coffee, Cronin, O'Connor, Hill, M'Coy, Walsh, Scanlan, Collins and Southwell, Paymasters Clarke and Hanrahan, Serjeants Drew, M'Mahon, Rawlin, Gunn, Bourke, Ahern, Ryan and Lowe, Drummers Kirby, Mullins, Neslin, Neville, Street

years. He served in the Irish rebellion; in H under the Duke of York and Sir Ralph Abercrombie also, in the campaign in Egypt in 1802, and went at the different actions that took place in country; also at Corunna under Sir John Moore at Lugo, &c.—*Cork Southern Reporter.*

On Wednesday a public dinner was given at C try to the Scots Greys, or 2d Dragoons, which into the town on their way to Ireland.

COUNTY KERRY ELECTION.—SATURDAY (FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

The election of a member of Parliament for county, owing to Lord Castlerosse, the late representative, having accepted the office of Comptroller Majesty's household, took place this day a past one o'clock in the court house. Lord Castlerosse was the only candidate, and, as we anticipated unanimously elected.

The hustings was crowded by gentlemen of all and parties, and the body of the court was filled people. The greatest unanimity prevailed—there no excitement.

The writ having been read, Richard Chute, D.L. High Sheriff, said he was now ready to any elector who had a candidate to propose.

Dr. M'Enery, R.C. Dean of Ardferit, then and in a brief address proposed Valentine A. Br Lord Viscount Castlerosse, as a fit and proper son to represent the county in parliament (cheer Lord Castlerosse was not an untried man. Four y ago they had elected him as their representative. that occasion he had made promises and pledges, that se he has faithfully kept and fulfilled (cheer His course for the future, he (Dr. M'Enery) was fident would be equally satisfactory to his const ents, as it had been since they sent him to Parlian before (cheers.)

James O'Connell, J.P. Lakeview, Killarney, condoned the nomination in a lengthened speech, was loudly cheered.

No other candidate having been proposed, the B Sheriff declared Lord Castlerosse duly elected.

Lord Castlerosse then came forward and was ceived with hearty and continued cheering. He said Electors of Kerry, it is now four years since on occasion similar to the present, I returned you that for my unopposed return, as one of your repres tives in conjunction with my hon. and gallant friend a colleague, Colonel Herbert (hear.) I was then ried, and your confidence rested on the principle announced, and the assurance of the valued frier who stood sponsors for me, that I would discharge i duty towards my constituents faithfully and in str conformity with the promises I then made (cheer Your cordial reception of me to day, and your el tion of me the second time to represent you in parli ment, are most flattering testimonies to me, that your opinion, I have not betrayed the confidence y then proposed, and that I am not likely in future forget my obligations (loud cheers.) Gentlemen, fro my heart, I thank you, for this testimony, so und served, if measured by any services I have been able to render, so honourable to me as an expressio your confidence in my future conduct, and so en aging to me to stand fast by those great principles, which you sent me to parliament as your exponee (hear, hear.) Gentlemen, had I to give you an ac count of my parliamentary conduct in ordinar times, I might, in all probability, have had to re count to you the course I pursued in the conflic of political opinions which divide parties in th state. For the greater part of the time, however, whic has elapsed since November, 1852, when the presen parliament first assembled, the spirit of party, in som degree at least, slept within, as well as without th walls of parliament. One great party fight, indee which resulted in the overthrow of Lord Derby's government—(hear)—we had shortly after my retur for this county; and, on that occasion, I sided with those whom I conscientiously believed, represented at heart, and with strong convictions, religious liberty, equality of civil rights, free trade, and every principle which tends to social progress—(cheers.) Gentlemen, as I have just hinted, the great, the absorbing occupation of the present parliament, almost to the close of this session, has been the conduct of the war and the negotiations for peace. I supported the prosecution of the war, because, though abhorring an appeal to the sword, that last arbiter of the disputes of nations, I concurred with the vast majority of my fellow-countrymen in thinking that the cause of constitutional government was at stake, and that sooner or later, the great representative of despotic power would have to be encountered by the free nations of Europe—(hear.) Gentlemen, as to the peace just concluded, I gave my adhesion to it, for I believe the great objects of the war had been attained, the independence and integrity of the Ottoman Empire secured, and the ambitious designs of Russia effectually checked—(cheers.) Gentlemen, I cannot refrain from here alluding to one, who, under Providence, mainly contributed to bring about these happy results. I mean that great statesman, whose energy and patriotism enabled him to wield the mighty power of the British Empire, with that prudence and sagacity, which long experience and great ability can alone confer. Well, indeed, may we, as Irishmen, be proud, that the unanimous voice of the English